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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/506,172	02/17/2000	Amir Doron	10992208-1	7328		
22879	7590 09/27/2004		EXAM	EXAMINER		
	PACKARD COMPA	ROGERS,	ROGERS, SCOTT A			
P O BOX 272400, 3404 E. HARMONY ROAD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ADMINISTRATION		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER			
FORT COLLINS, CO 80527-2400			2626	-		

DATE MAILED: 09/27/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applica	ation No.	Applicant(s)				
		09/506	,172	DORON, AMIR				
	Office Action Summary	Examir	ier	Art Unit				
		Scott A	Rogers	2626				
- 7 Period for F	he MAILING DATE of this commun Reply	ication appears on	the cover sheet with the o	orrespondence address				
THE MA - Extension after SIX - If the per - If NO per - Failure to Any reply	TENED STATUTORY PERIOD F ILING DATE OF THIS COMMUN as of time may be available under the provisions (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this commod for reply specified above is less than thirty (3) food for reply is specified above, the maximum state of the properties of the proper	CATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no nunication. 0) days, a reply within the satutory period will apply and will, by statute, cause the a	event, however, may a reply be tirestatutory minimum of thirty (30) day if will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from application to become ABANDONE	mely filed ys will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1)⊠ Re	esponsive to communication(s) file	ed on <i>07 June 2004</i>	l.					
·	•	2b)☐ This action is						
3) <u> </u>	nce this application is in condition used in accordance with the praction	for allowance exce	pt for formal matters, pro					
Disposition	of Claims							
4a) 5)□ Cl: 6)⊠ Cl: 7)□ Cl:	aim(s) 7 and 8 is/are pending in the office above claim(s) is/a aim(s) is/are allowed. aim(s) 7-8 is/are rejected. aim(s) is/are objected to. aim(s) are subject to restrict	re withdrawn from						
Application	Papers							
9)∐ The	e specification is objected to by th	e Examiner.						
10)□ The	0) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Ар	plicant may not request that any obje	ction to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
	placement drawing sheet(s) including e oath or declaration is objected to	•	- · ·		•			
Priority und	er 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acl a) 1.[1.[2.[3.[cnowledgment is made of a claim All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority Copies of the certified copies application from the Internation the attached detailed Office action	documents have be documents have be of the priority documents all Bureau (PCT R	een received. een received in Applicat ments have been receive tule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)	References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
	Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (F	TO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail D	ate				
	on Disdosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or (s)/Mail Date	PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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Response to Arguments

In view of the amendment filed June 7, 2004, the objection to claims 6-7 under 37 CFR § 1.75(a) is withdrawn.

Applicant's arguments filed June 7, 2004, with respect to the rejection of claims 6-7 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that the examiner has not cited any motivation set forth in Eschbach or in knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art, to modify the admitted prior art as proposed and the examiner has simply made a conclusionary statement that the error diffusion technique of Eschbach initially determines the best fit super pixel cell and propagates a minimized halftone error in order to maintain gray density. Further, applicant argues that the purpose of his apparatus is to reduce the average error value in an error diffusion scheme, not to maintain gray density as sought by Eschbach.

The examiner disagrees. Eschbach specifically states that "the average output gray value is compared to the average modified input gray value, to determine a input/output difference [and this] input/output difference controls the threshold value, so that the threshold is set to attempt to maintain gray density equal between the input image and the output image" (col. 3, line 66 to col. 4, line 3). Eschbach states that the average output gray value is compared to the average modified input gray value, to determine an input/output difference and this difference controls the threshold value (col. 3, lines 66-68). In effect, this control or selection of the threshold value results in the assigned output values being selected such that the average of these output values

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is as close as possible to the input value. Reducing the average error value in an error diffusion scheme is what Eschbach is doing to maintain gray density equality, or best fit, between input and output images (see col. 3, lines 33-37). And this is the motivation to combine Eschbach with the admitted prior art.

Applicant further argues that one of ordinary skill in the art would not have had a reasonable expectation of success in seeking to modify the admitted prior art in view of Eschbach given the extreme complexity of adapting the halftoning with error feedback approach of Eschbach to accommodate color space conversion.

The examiner disagrees. The operation performed in Eschbach when performed in a color space conversion process would merely be performed on each color component as contemplated by Eschbach in the last paragraph of col. 8 and lines 2-10 of col. 8.

Finally, applicant argues that even assuming that the admitted prior art were modified in light of Eschbach as proposed by the examiner, the result would still not be the invention of claim 6 because Eschbach contemplates calculation of an error between the average gray value of the original image and the average gray value of the output image, and forwarding preselected fractions of the error to unprocessed pixels belonging to a preselected set of unprocessed halftone cells (see col. 4, lines 3-8 of Eschbach) which is a radically different error feedback approach and does not result in the final limitation of amended claim 6.

The examiner disagrees. The portion of Eschbach which applicant refers to is only what Eschbach does with the error between the average gray value of the original

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image and output image. As stated above, Eschbach also uses this input/output difference of average gray values to control the threshold value, so that the threshold is set to attempt to maintain gray density equal between the input image and the output image (col. 3, line 66 to col. 4, line 3).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 6-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over admitted prior art in view of Eschbach (US5243443) as set forth in the Office Action mailed February 12, 2004.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

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extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Scott A Rogers whose telephone number is 703-305-4726. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday 6:00am-6:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kimberly Williams can be reached on 305-4863.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to Customer Service at 703-306-0377. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

SCOTT ROGERS
PRIMARY EXAMINER

September 20, 2004